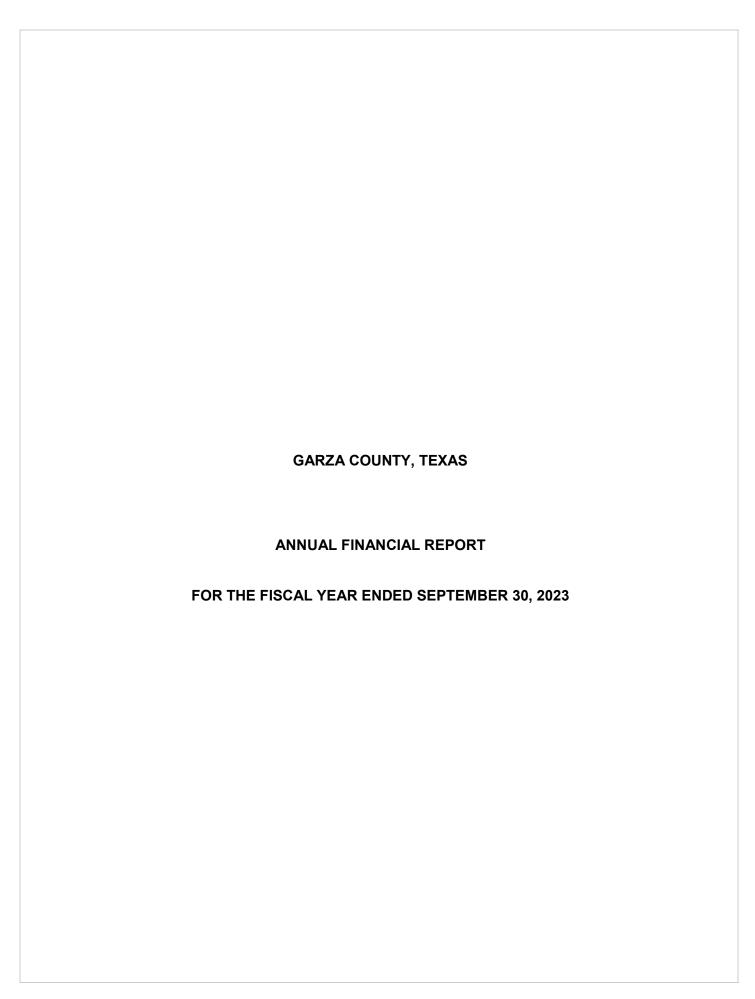
**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT** 

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023



## ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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## COUNTY OFFICIALS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Lee Norman County Judge

Jeff Williams Commissioner Precinct 1

Kim Wilks Commissioner Precinct 2

Ted Brannon Commissioner Precinct 3

Giles W Dalby Jr Commissioner Precinct 4

Terri Laurence County and District Clerk

LuAnne Terry County Treasurer

Nancy Wallace Tax-Assessor-Collector

Gordon Terry Justice of the Peace Precinct 1

Angela Massey Justice of the Peace Precinct 2

Terry Morgan County Sheriff

Ted Weems County Attorney

### BOLINGER, SEGARS, GILBERT & MOSS, L.L.P.

PHONE: (806) 747-3806

FAX: (806) 747-3815

8215 NASHVILLE AVENUE

LUBBOCK, TEXAS 79423-1954

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court of Garza County, Texas

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Qualified and Unmodified Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Garza County (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Summary of Opinions**

Opinion Unit	Type of Opinion
Governmental Activities	Qualified
Discretely Presented Component Unit	Unmodified
Major Governmental Funds	Unmodified
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified

In our opinion, except for the omission of the total OPEB liability, expense and disclosures as described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the County, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on Discretely Presented Component Unit, Major Governmental Funds, and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

The County has not recognized the total OPEB liability or expense which is required, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, to be recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The effects of the departure from generally accepted accounting principles is not reasonably determinable. The County has also not disclosed the descriptive information about the other postemployment benefits required by standards.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
  is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

GAAP requires that the schedule of changes in net pension asset and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions, and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material aspects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report January 16, 2024 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering of the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bolinger, Segars, Silbert & Mars LLP

**Certified Public Accountants** 

Lubbock, Texas

January 16, 2024



## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Prin	nary Governmen	t	Component Unit
		Sovernmental	_	Garza Public
		Activities		Facility Corp.
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,590,774	\$	
Investments		517,853		
Restricted Investments - Held by Trustee				7,313,676
Taxes Receivable, Net		87,852		
Accounts Receivable, Net		164,683		1,015,365
Fee Office Receivables		1,900,908		
Allowance for Uncollectible Fee Office Receivables (Credit)		(1,817,246)		
Due From Public Facility Corp		303,079		
Net Pension Asset		708,502		
Capital Assets, Net:				
Nondepreciable		66,671		188,500
Depreciable, Net		6,131,174		20,964,448
Total Assets	\$	10,654,250	\$	29,481,989
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Pension Plan	\$	559,401	\$	
Deferred Loss on Refunding		126,397	_	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	685,798	\$	0
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$	149,916	\$	
Accrued Interest Payable		17,540		527,380
Due to County				303,079
Accrued Compensated Absences		26,562		
Accrued Wages Payable		109,805		
Other Current Liabilities		9,423		
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year		540,967		3,275,000
Due in More Than One Year		3,091,740	_	12,174,048
Total Liabilities	\$	3,945,953	\$_	16,279,507
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Pension Plan	\$	58,554	\$	
Unavailable Revenue - Intergovernmental	, <del></del>	415,681	. –	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	474,235	\$_	0
NET BOOKTON				
NET POSITION:	•	0.505.400	•	<b>- - - - - - - - - -</b>
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	2,565,138	\$	5,703,900
Restricted For:		04.400		
County Schools - Non-Spendable		21,123		
Enabling Legislation		459,399		4.450.440
Debt Service		202 702		4,158,142
Road and Bridge		860,769		
Net Pension Asset		708,502		0.040.440
Unrestricted		2,304,929	_	3,340,440
Total Net Desition	Φ.	0.040.000	¢.	40 000 400
Total Net Position	* <u></u>	6,919,860	\$ =	13,202,482

Exhibit A-2

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Program Revenues Primary Government Component Unit Fines, Fees & Operating Charges for Grants and Governmental Garza Public Facility Corp. Services Contributions Expenses Activities Departments/Programs Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental Activities 25.200 \$ (124,142) \$ County Judge \$ 149,356 \$ 14 \$ Emergency Management Office 78,260 (78,260) 204.626 (128.472)County Clerk 75,344 810 Joint Elections 55,492 29.070 (26,422)395,247 67,041 General Administration 4,430 457,858 185,428 (72, 176)District Court 107,271 5,981 Justices of the Peace 258,981 145,317 (113,664)County Attorney 151,151 917 32,590 (117,644)County Treasurer 189,063 13,409 (175,654)27,435 County Tax Assessor/Collector 173,696 (146, 261)Courthouse Maintenance 472,269 9,609 (462,660)123,744 Constables 4,797 (118,947)Fire Station 19.351 (19,351) Law Enforcement 1,061,171 2,109 801,773 (257,289)Weighstation 3,697 (3,697)160.175 (160.175)Probations Social Services 693,715 11,753 252,482 (429,480)Museum 68,345 (68,345)57,668 (57,668)Extension Services 70,369 (70,369)Prison Road and Bridge 801,058 300.659 79,627 (420,772)1,959,843 (1,886,421) County Jail 73,422 45,401 46,095 694 **Emergency Medical Services** Other Expenditures 49,628 (49,628)427,825 (427,825)Depreciation (69,637) **Bond Issuance Costs** 69,637 Interest on Long-Term Debt 77.842 (77.842)703,064 1,804,908 Total Governmental Activities 8,003,038 (5,495,066) 0 **Total Primary Government** 8,003,038 1,804,908 \$ (5,495,066) \$ 703,064 0 Component Units Garza Public Facility Corp 2,936,196 \$ 6,891,551 \$ \$ 3,955,355 \$ \$ Depreciation 846.416 (846,416) Interest on Long-Term Debt 1,317,973 (1,317,973)6,891,551 Total Component Units 0 0 \$ 1,790,966 5,100,585 General Revenues: Property Taxes 3,860,640 \$ Payments in Lieu of Taxes 198,479 Rents and Royalties 1,948,663 Gain on Sale of Assets 2,097 Other Revenue 128,517 Investment Earnings 188,616 245,411 6,327,012 Total General Revenues 245,411 Change in Net Position 831,946 2,036,377 Net Position - Beginning 6,087,914 11,166,105 Net Position - Ending 6,919,860 13,202,482

#### Exhibit A-3

#### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

				Major				Non-Major		
	_	General Fund		County Jail Fund		Road and Bridge Fund		Other Governmental Funds (See Exhibit C-1)	-	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,396,532	\$	39,185	\$	788,738	\$	366,319	\$	2,590,774
Investments		415,840				102,013				517,853
Taxes Receivable, Net of Allowance		77,310				10,542				87,852
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance		45,426		91,006		12,268		15,983		164,683
Due From Public Facility Corp	. —	303,079	—		–					303,079
Total Assets	\$ <u></u>	2,238,187	\$_	130,191	\$_	913,561	\$	382,302	\$_	3,664,241
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts Payable	\$	96,385	\$	17,588	\$	24,718	\$	11,225	\$	149,916
Accrued Compensated Absences Payable		14,432		6,380		5,276		474		26,562
Accrued Wages		65,277		31,188		12,256		1,084		109,805
Other Current Liabilities		9,423								9,423
Total Liabilities	\$	185,517	\$	55,156	\$	42,250	\$	12,783	\$	295,706
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:										
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	77,310	\$		\$	10.542	\$		\$	87,852
Unearned Revenue - Intergovernmental	•	415,681	*		*	,	•		•	415,681
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	492,991	\$	0	\$	10,542	\$	0	\$	503,533
FUND BALANCES:										
Nonspendable:										
Permanent School Fund	\$		\$		\$		\$	21,123	\$	21,123
Restricted:	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	21,125	Ψ	21,120
Enabling Legislation		111,003						348,396		459,399
Road and Bridge		111,000				860,769		040,000		860,769
Assigned:						000,703				000,703
Landfill		244,650								244,650
Probations		103,713								103,713
Renovations/Improvements		329,325								329,325
Jail Facility		323,323		75,035						75,035
Unassigned:				75,055						73,033
Reported in the General Fund		770,988								770,988
Total Fund Balances	<u>_</u>	1,559,679	\$	75,035	φ_	860,769	\$	369,519	\$	2,865,002
Total I unu Dalances	Ψ	1,559,079	Ψ	10,000	Ψ_	000,709	Ψ	303,319	Ψ_	2,000,002
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	•		•		•				•	
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	2,238,187	\$_	130,191	\$_	913,561	\$	382,302	\$_	3,664,241

Exhibit A-4

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$	2,865,002
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (SNP) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		6,197,845
Revenues unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		87,852
Payables for long term debt which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(3,632,707)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(17,540)
Deferred Outflows related to loss on bond refundings are not recorded in the funds.		126,397
To record Justice of the Peace and County/District Clerk Fines.		83,662
Net pension asset and related deferred outflows and inflows are not recognized in the governmental funds.	_	1,209,349
Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Net Position	\$	6,919,860

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

				Major				Non-Major		
							•	Other		
		0		0		Dandand		Governmental		Total
		General Fund		County Jail Fund		Road and Bridge Fund		Funds (See Exhibit C-2)		Governmental Funds
Revenue:	-		_		_		•	,	-	
Property Taxes	\$	3,375,109	\$		\$	460,031	\$		\$	3,835,140
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		181,079				17,400				198,479
License and Permits		4 447 000		70.400		242,731		004.000		242,731
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		1,447,836		73,422		79,627		204,023		1,804,908
Charges for Services		11,754 261,845				4,365		45 444		16,119 360,552
Fines and Fees Investment Earnings		121,736		262		53,563 46,988		45,144 19,630		188,616
Rents and Royalties		887,273		1,061,390		40,300		19,030		1,948,663
Other Revenue		128,502		1,001,390				15		128,517
Total Revenues	\$	6,415,134	\$	1,135,074	\$	904,705	\$	268,812	\$	8,723,725
Expenditures:										
Current:										
County Judge	\$	149,356	\$		\$		\$		\$	149,356
Emergency Management Office		78,260								78,260
County Clerk		204,626								204,626
Joint Élections		55,492								55,492
General Administration		550,438						605		551,043
District Court		185,428								185,428
Justices of the Peace		258,981								258,981
County Attorney		151,151								151,151
County Treasurer		189,063								189,063
County Tax Assessor/Collector		173,696								173,696
Courthouse Maintenance		467,033						5,236		472,269
Constables		123,744								123,744
Fire Station		19,351								19,351
Law Enforcement		1,061,171								1,061,171
Weighstation		3,697								3,697
Probations		160,175								160,175
Social Services		560,460						133,255		693,715
Museum		68,345								68,345
Extension Services		57,668								57,668
Prison		70,369								70,369
Road and Bridge						848,992				848,992
County Jail				1,971,843						1,971,843
Emergency Medical Services								45,401		45,401
Other Expenditures		49,628								49,628
Debt Service:		504 550				00.400				004.040
Principal		594,553				29,463				624,016
Bond Issuance Costs		69,637				F 000				69,637
Interest Total Expenditures	\$	111,196 5,413,518	\$	1,971,843	\$	5,203 883,658	\$	184,497	\$	116,399 8,453,516
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					_				-	
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	1,001,616	\$	(836,769)	\$	21,047	\$	84,315	\$	270,209
(	· -	.,,		(000,100)	_	= 1,0 11			٠.	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets	\$	2,097	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,097
Transfers In (Out)		95,337		(141,410)		46,073				
Payments to Refunding Bond Escrow Agent		(4,680,248)								(4,680,248)
Debt Proceeds		4,031,280			_				_	4,031,280
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(551,534)	\$_	(141,410)	\$_	46,073	\$	0	\$_	(646,871)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	450,082	\$	(978,179)	\$	67,120	\$	84,315	\$	(376,662)
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	1,109,597	_	1,053,214	_	793,649		285,204	-	3,241,664
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,559,679	\$_	75,035	\$_	860,769	\$	369,519	\$	2,865,002

**Exhibit A-6** 

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(376,662)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (SOA) are different because:		
Capital assets are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		97,990
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(427,825)
Net change in pension expense to convert amounts paid in for the governmental funds to accrued pension expense for governmental activities.		117,740
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		25,500
Change in the Justice of the Peace and County/District Clerk fines receivable.		83,662
Change in accrued interest payable from beginning of period to end of period.		34,363
Debt proceeds and bond premiums are not recorded in the SOA because they represent additional debt payable.		(4,031,280)
Payments on long-term debt are recorded as expenditures in the funds.		624,016
Payments to Refunding Bond Escrow Agent are recorded as other uses in the funds.		4,680,248
Bond issuance discounts and premiums are not recorded or amortized in the funds.	_	4,194
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Activities	\$	831,946

Exhibit A-7

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS:	 
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 436,076
Total Current Assets	\$ 436,076
NET POSITION:	
Restricted for:	
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$ 436,076
Total Net Position	\$ 436,076

#### Exhibit A-8

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	ф	0.000.404
Fee Office Collections	\$	6,288,164
Other Total Additions	<sub>e</sub> -	2,070
Total Additions	\$	6,290,234
DEDUCTIONS:		
Distributions to State and Local Entities	\$	6,275,004
Other		1,739
Total Deductions	\$	6,276,743
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	13,491
NET POSITION:		
October 1, 2022 (Beginning)	_	422,585
September 30, 2023 (Ending)	\$	436,076



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The authority of county governments and their specific functions and responsibilities are created by and are dependent upon laws and legal regulations of the Texas State Constitution and Vernon's Annotated Civil Statutes (V.A.C.S.).

Garza County, Texas (the County) operates under a County Judge and Commissioners' Court type of government as provided by state statute. The financial and reporting policies of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which includes all statements and interpretations of the National Council on Governmental Accounting unless modified by the GASB, and those principles prescribed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units*.

The Commissioners' Court has governance responsibilities over all activities related to Garza County, Texas. The County receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities; however, the County is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB, Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There is one component unit included within the reporting entity.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit, although a legally separate entity, is in substance part of the County's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County.

The following table describes the County's component unit:

Component Unit	Description; Criteria for Inclusion	Reporting Method	For Separate Financial Statements
Garza County	Formed to Finance the Construction of Dalby	Discretely	Not Available
Public Facility	Correctional Facility and the Acquisition of Garza	Presented	
Corporation	Juvenile Correctional Facility		

The County's major activities or departments include: Emergency Medical Services, County Jail, Road and Bridge, Extension Services, Museum, Social Services, Probations, Weighstation, Law Enforcement, Fire Station, Constables, Courthouse Maintenance, County Tax Assessor/Collector, County Treasurer, County Attorney, Justices of the Peace Precincts, County Court, General Administration, County Clerk, Emergency Management Office, and County Judge.

#### -14-GARZA COUNTY. TEXAS

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### **B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Garza County, Texas non-fiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, fines and fees, grants and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the program, and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due from on the governmental fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and discretely presented component units. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for the County operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The County considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds (other governmental funds).

## C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets/deferred outflows, current liabilities/deferred inflows, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected within 60 days after year end and be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Exceptions to this general rule include unmatured principal and interest on general long-term obligations which are recognized when due. This exception is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Property tax revenues and sales tax receipts are considered measurable and available when collected by the tax assessor/collector and recognized as revenue at that time. Property tax revenues are considered measurable at the time of levy and are recognized as deferred revenue and taxes receivable, net of an allowance for estimated uncollectible taxes, at that time. Property tax revenues are considered available if collected within 60 days subsequent to year end. However, the amount of taxes collected in the period 60 days subsequent to year end are considered immaterial and not recorded as current year revenue. All tax collections expected to be received subsequent to year end are, therefore, reported as deferred revenues. Licenses and permits, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded on the accrual basis in all funds.

Intergovernmental revenues are recorded on a basis applicable to the legal and contractual requirements of the individual grant programs. If funds must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County, revenues are recognized as the expenditures or expenses are recorded. If funds are virtually unrestricted and irrevocable, except for failure to comply with required compliance requirements, revenues are recognized when received or susceptible to accrual. Federal and State grants awarded on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. All other federal reimbursable-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred.

Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position.

#### -16-GARZA COUNTY. TEXAS

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The County applies GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions for classifying governmental fund balances into specifically defined classifications. Classifications are hierarchical and are based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which the amounts in the funds may be spent. Application of the Statement requires the County to classify and report amounts in the appropriate fund balance classifications. The County's accounting and finance policies are used to interpret the nature and/or requirements of the funds and their corresponding assignment of restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. From interpretation of the adopted policy, the County will spend its fund in the following order: Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned, if more than one classification of fund balance is available.

The County reports the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – such as inventory or prepaid insurance or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact – such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

Restricted Fund Balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restrictions are placed on fund balances when legally enforceable legislation establishes the County's right to assess, levy, or charge fees to be used for a specific purpose – such as the County's property tax revenue for debt service requirements, which must be used to repay debt. Legal enforceability means that the County can be compelled by an external party to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by the Commissioners' Court. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Commissioners' Court removes those constraints by taking the same type of actions (legislation, resolution, and ordinance). Committed fund balances include non-liquidated encumbrances at year end that are carried forward to the next fiscal year. Amounts in the committed fund balance classification may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Commissioners' Court. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the County Treasurer or (b) an appointed body or official to which the Commissioners' Court has delegated the authority to assign, modify, or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type. Assignment with the General Fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for specific purposes that are narrower than the general purposes of the County itself.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents General Fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. County funds do not include funds held by County offices, which are not yet remitted to the County Treasurer. County funds are amounts which have been received by the County Treasurer and which are subject to control by the Commissioners' Court. These various County funds, which are reported as Governmental Funds in the financial statements of this report, are grouped into five fund types: General Fund, Garza County Jail Fund, and Road and Bridge Fund, and aggregate remaining funds. The remaining funds held by other County offices are reported as Fiduciary Funds and are not subject to control by the Commissioner's Court.

The County maintains the following Major funds:

#### Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund – This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with the legally adopted budget of the County.

Road and Bridge Fund – This special revenue fund is used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally reserved for expenditures for public transportation for county citizens.

Garza County Jail Fund – This special revenue fund is used to account for intergovernmental revenues received for housing prisoners and the correlating expenditures to run and maintain the county jail.

#### **Custodial Funds:**

Custodial Funds, which include funds held by County offices, also are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other government, and/or other funds. These include Agency Funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Formal budgetary accounting is not required for Custodial Funds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### **E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

1. Capital assets include land, buildings, furniture and equipment and are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when construction is completed.

Buildings, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Equipment	10-60

2. The County provides statutory workers' compensation insurance for its employees through Texas Association of Counties (TAC), a joint insurance fund, in which the County is a member. Health insurance is provided to the County's employees through a licensed insurer paid by the County.

#### F. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

#### Governmental Funds:

In addition to liabilities, the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one type of item, which arise under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue – property taxes, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows and inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a consumption or retention of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow/inflow of resources until then.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### **II. PROPERTY TAX**

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

Legislation was passed in 1979 and amended in 1981 by the Texas Legislature that affects the methods of property assessment and tax collection in the County. This legislation, with certain exceptions, exempts intangible personal property, household goods and family-owned automobiles from taxation. In addition, this legislation creates a "Property Tax Code" and provides, among other things, for the establishment of county wide Appraisal County's and for the State Property Tax Board which commenced operation in January, 1980.

The County is permitted by the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$0.80 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. A practical limitation on taxes levied for debt service is \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation as established by the Attorney General of the State of Texas. The tax rates assessed for the year ended September 30, 2023 to finance maintenance and operations and road and bridge of the County was \$0.71 per \$100 valuation.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. Although the County makes little effort to collect delinquent taxes through foreclosure proceedings, delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title on property.

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

#### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

At September 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the County's deposits (cash, short-term certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in cash and cash equivalents) was \$2,590,774 and the bank balance was \$2,790,839.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the County to invest in: (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

TexPool is organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, which is authorized to operate TexPool. In addition, the TexPool Advisory Board advises on TexPool's Investment Policy. This Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool.

The carrying value of unrestricted investments at September 30, 2023 was \$517,853. The investments consist of:

	 Cost/FMV	Fair Value Level
TexPool	\$ 171,388	NAV
TexStar	225,816	NAV
DWS - Money Market	 120,649	1
	\$ 517,853	

The carrying value of the restricted investments - held by trustee (US Bank) for the component unit at September 30, 2023 was \$7,313,676. The restricted investments consist of money market accounts and certificates of deposit.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Investments, including derivative instruments that are not hedging derivatives, are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board require or permit in the statements at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The County's investments as of September 30, 2023 were measured at NAV or considered Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy and are value using a matrix pricing technique. TexPool, TexaStar, and DWS, had Weighted-Average Maturities of 28 days, 32 days, and 19 days.

#### Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end and during the year ended September 30, 2023 were covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Thus, positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The County's other securities are exposed to custodial credit risk to extent they are not invested in United States Treasury instruments.

Other Credit Risk: There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County's investments were exposed to credit risk to the extent they were not invested in local government investment pools.

#### **B. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at September 30, 2023, were as follows:

		Property Tax Receivables	Inmate Receivables		Grants/Other Receivables	Total Receivables
Governmental Activities:	•			•		
General Fund	\$	144,260	\$	\$	45,426	\$ 189,686
Garza County Jail Fund			70,485		20,521	91,006
Road and Bridge Fund		19,673			12,268	31,941
Other Governmental Funds					15,983	15,983
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		(76,081)				(76,081)
Total - Governmental	\$	87,852	\$ 70,485	\$	94,198	\$ 252,535

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### C. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the County for the year ended September 30, 2023 was as follows:

	_	Balance October 1, 2022	_	Additions	R	Retirements		Balance September 30, 2023
Governmental Activities								
Land	\$	66,671	\$		\$		\$	66,671
Buildings and Equipment	_	12,916,374		97,990				13,014,364
Totals at Historic Cost	\$_	12,983,045	\$	97,990	\$	0	\$_	13,081,035
Less: Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings and Equipment	\$_	6,455,365	\$	427,825	\$		\$_	6,883,190
Total Accumulated Depreciation Governmental Activities Capital	\$_	6,455,365	\$	427,825	\$	0	\$_	6,883,190
Assets, Net	\$_	6,527,680	\$	(329,835)	\$	0	\$_	6,197,845

#### D. ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated unpaid leave amounts are accrued in governmental funds because they are considered a current liability based on the County's policy; therefore, they are recorded in the funds and are also reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position were for vacation pay in the amount of \$26,562.

#### **E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Long-term obligations include bonds, capital leases, short-term loans, and related issuance discounts. The changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2023, are as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Certificate of Obligation									
Bonds, Series 2008	\$	4,580,000	\$		\$ 4,580,000	\$		\$	
Bonds, Series 2022				3,860,000	550,000		3,310,000		485,000
Leases		249,911			74,015		175,896		55,967
Unamortized Premiums				171,280	24,469		146,811		
Unamortized Discounts		(46,423)	_		 (46,423)			_	
Totals:	\$_	4,783,488	\$	4,031,280	\$ 5,182,061	\$_	3,632,707	\$_	540,967

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Total Debt service requirements on Long-Term Debt at September 30, 2023, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities					
		Principal		Interest		Total	
Year Ending September 30,							
2024	\$	485,000	\$	153,375	\$	638,375	
2025		515,000		128,375		643,375	
2026		535,000		102,125		637,125	
2027		570,000		74,500		644,500	
2028		595,000		45,375		640,375	
2029		610,000		15,250		625,250	
Plus: Unamortized Premiums	_	146,811			_	146,811	
Totals	\$_	3,456,811	\$	519,000	\$	3,975,811	

The Reserve Fund is held by the Trustee with US Bank.

#### Certificate of Obligation Bonds:

A summary of the Certificate of Obligations Bonds is as follows:

Date of Issue	 Original Issue	Interest Rates	Maturity Date	 Outstanding
1/1/2008	\$ 9,240,000	4.2%-5.75%	2/15/2029	\$
12/14/2022	3,860,000	5.00%	2/1/2029	3,310,000

#### Advance Refunding

On December 14, 2022, the County issued \$3,860,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S Government State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$4,580,000 of general obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$146,672. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the new debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt payments and will result in a savings of \$261,368.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### Leases:

The assets acquired through leases are as follows:

		Governmental
Lease Assets		Activities
Machinery and Equipment	\$	1,386,661
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	(1,163,939)
Totals	\$	222,722

Commitments under lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments as of September 30, 2023, are as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities								
		Principal		Interest		Total				
Year Ending September 30,					•					
2024	\$	55,967	\$	7,182	\$	63,149				
2025		42,401		5,469		47,870				
2026		15,362		4,086		19,448				
2027		9,581		3,419		13,000				
2028	_	52,585		2,892	_	55,477				
Totals	\$	175,896	\$	23,048	\$	198,944				

The effective interest rate on leases is 2.65%-5.25%.

#### F. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

The nature and amount of Interfund Transactions are as follows:

Fund		Transfer In		Transfer Out	Reason for Transfer
General County Jail	\$	95,337	\$	141.410	County Jail Operations and Operating Transfers Local Portion of Jail Operating Costs and Bond Payments
Road and Bridge Non-Major Funds		46,073 300		300	Operating Transfers Operating Transfers
Non-wajor i unus	\$_	141,710	\$_	141,710	Operating Transfers

#### -25-GARZA COUNTY. TEXAS

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### **G. RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN**

#### Plan Description:

The County provides retirement, disability and death benefits for all of its full time employees through a non-traditional defined benefit pension plan in TCDRS. The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of over 830 non-traditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report on a calendar basis. The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is available upon written request from the Board of Trustees at Barton Oaks Plaza IV, Suite 500, 901 Mopac St., Austin, Texas 78746.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at ages 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after ten years of service.

Members are vested after ten years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the TCDRS fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued ACFR that includes financial statements and required supplementary information mentioned in the above section.

The information provided by TCDRS shows the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position for the County as of December 31, 2022.

Net Pension Liability		Total
Total Pension Liability	\$	13,293,996
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(14,002,498)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(708,502)
	_	
Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability		105.33%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### **Benefits Provided:**

TCDRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries). The normal service retirement is at age 60 with eight years of credited service, when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 75 or more years, or after 30 years of service regardless of age. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs, can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

#### Contributions:

The plan is funded by monthly contributions from employee deposits and from employer contributions based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the variable rate plan provisions, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method

The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2022 included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and (b) a projected salary increase of 4.60%. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The employer contribution rate was 7.67% for 2022 and 5.71% for 2023. The deposit rate payable by employee members is the rate of 7.00% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS.

	Contribution Rates			
	2022	2023		
Member	7.00%	7.00%		
Employer	7.67%	5.71%		
FY 2023 Employer Contributions	\$	193,887		
FY 2023 Member Contributions	\$	220,139		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### **Actuarial Assumptions:**

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date December 31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age (level percentage of pay)
Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Smoothing Period Five Years
Recognition Method Non-Asymptotic

Corridor None
Remaining Amortization Period 20.0 Years
Discount Rate 7.60%

Long-Term Expected Investment

Rate of Return\* 7.50%
Salary Increases\* 4.70%
Payroll Growth Rate 3.00%

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of the County's workforce and estimate of benefits it will pay its employees. The economic and demographic assumptions have been established based on the 2022 experience study for TCDRS, details of which can be found in the 2022 Investigation and Experience Report on the TCDRS website.

#### Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. The previous year's discount rate was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Inflation of 2.50%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022 are summarized below:

		Long-term
		Expected
	Target	Portfolio Real
Asset Class	Allocation**	Rate of Return*
U.S. Equities	11.50%	4.95%
Private Equity	25.00%	7.95%
Global Equities	2.50%	4.95%
International Equities - Developed	5.00%	4.95%
International Equities - Emerging	6.00%	4.95%
Investment-Grade Bonds	3.00%	2.40%
Strategic Credit	9.00%	3.39%
Direct Lending	16.00%	6.95%
Distressed Debt	4.00%	7.60%
REIT Equities	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	6.00%	5.70%
Hedge Funds	6.00%	2.90%
Cash Equivalents	2.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\* -</sup> Geometric real rates of return in addition to assumed inflation of 2.30%, per Cliffwater's 2023 capital market assumptions

#### **Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis:**

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Asset if the discount rate used was one percent less than and one percent greater than the discount rate that was used (7.60%) in measuring the 2022 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in	1% Increase in		
	Discount Rate (6.60%)	Discount Rate (7.60%)	Discount Rate (8.60%)	
Total Pension Liability	\$ 14,891,660	\$ 13,293,996	\$ 11,946,015	
Fiduciary Net Position	(14,002,498)	(14,002,498)	(14,002,498)	
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 889,162	\$ (708,502)	\$ (2,056,483)	

<sup>\*\* -</sup> Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2023 TCDRS Board Meeting

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

<u>Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:</u>

At December 31, 2022, the County reported an asset of \$708,502 for its proportionate share of the TCDRS net pension liability.

The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022.

For the plan year ended December 31, 2022 there were changes in assumptions and plan provisions. The plan reflected new annuity purchase rates which was a change to plan provisions and adopted new mortality tables which were changes in assumptions.

There were new investment return and inflation assumptions that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

At December 31, 2022, the County reported its proportionate share of the TCDRS deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience Assumption Changes or Inputs Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings Contributions Paid to TCDRS Subsequent to the Measurement Date	\$	161,313 260,227 137,861	\$	47,003 11,551
Total	\$_	559,401	\$ _	58,554

# -30-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pensi	on Expense
	A	Amount
	Amo	rtization of
	Deferre	ed Resources
2023	\$	24,258
2024		11,679
2025		63,866
2026		401,044
2027		0
Thereafter		0

At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred resource outflows for the TCDRS pension plan as follows:

	De	Deferred (Inflows) Outflows of Resources			
Total Net Amounts as of December 31, 2021 Measurement Date Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date Contributions Made Prior to the Measurement Date Experience Differences Earnings Differences Amortization of Deferred (Inflows) Outflows	\$	(1,472,259) 137,861 (171,259) 82,468 2,005,212 (81,176)			
Total Net Amounts as of December 31, 2022	\$	500,847			

### -31-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

### Pension Expenses

Pension expense for the plan for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$63,701 and was calculated as follows:

	 Pension Expense
Service Cost	\$ 357,379
Interest on Total Pension Liability	953,399
Administrative Expenses	8,206
Member Contributions	(207,430)
Expected Investment Return Net of Investment Expenses	(1,136,269)
Amortization of Deferred (Inflows) Outflows	81,176
Other	 7,240
Total Pension Expense as of December 31, 2022	\$ 63,701

### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:**

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement, the plan reported the following regarding employees covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	37
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not Yet Receiving Benefits	63
Active Employees	71
Total Plan Employees	171

### H. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Garza County Public Facility Corporation leased Dalby Correctional Facility (the Facility) to Management and Training Corporation (MTC) in exchange for rental payments based on inmate man-days. Garza County Public Facility Corporation is a legally separate non-profit public corporation. The Corporation constructed the Facility through the issuance of lease revenue bonds (the Bonds). The County has no obligation relating to the payments under the Bonds. The Bonds are solely payable from the revenue generated from the Facility. The Facility's operational contract with the Federal Bureau of Prisons was not renewed effective June 2022. This contract was materially the only source of revenue for the Facility since inception.

# -32-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

# Capital Assets:

		Balance October 1, 2022		Additions	Ret	irements	5	Balance September 30, 2023
Component Unit	_	_	_	_				
Land	\$	188,500	\$		\$		\$	188,500
Correctional Facilities	_	38,542,406						38,542,406
Totals at Historic Cost	\$_	38,730,906	\$_	0	\$	0	\$_	38,730,906
Less: Accumulated Depreciation								
Correctional Facilities	\$_	16,731,542	\$_	846,416	\$		\$_	17,577,958
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$_	16,731,542	\$_	846,416	\$	0	\$_	17,577,958
Component Unit Capital Assets, Net	\$_	21,999,364	\$_	(846,416)	\$	0	\$_	21,152,948

# Long-Term Debt:

Series	_	Original Issue	Interest Rates	Maturity Date	-	Outstanding	Type of Debt
2012	\$	4,165,000	7.75%	2/15/2029	\$	2,550,000	Taxable Revenue Bonds
2012		35,890,000	6.75%-7.20%	10/1/2025		13,365,000	Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds
2012	_	(1,929,675)				(465,952)	Unamortized Discounts
	\$_	38,125,325			\$	15,449,048	

# Debt Service Requirements:

		Component Unit										
		Principal		Interest		Total						
Year Ending September 30,			_		•							
2024	\$	3,275,000.00	\$	1,041,345.00	\$	4,316,345						
2025		3,515,000.00		795,530.00		4,310,530						
2026		7,355,000.00		402,725.00		7,757,725						
2027		300,000.00		125,500.00		425,500						
2028		325,000.00		101,331.00		426,331						
2029-2031		1,145,000.00		105,980.00		1,250,980						
Less: Reserve Fund				(4,158,142)		(4,158,142)						
Less: Unamortized Discounts		(465,952)	_			(465,952)						
Totals	\$_	15,449,048	\$_	(1,585,731)	\$	13,863,317						

### -33-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

### I. LITIGATION, COMMITMENTS, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There is no pending litigation against the County at September 30, 2023 that would have a material effect on the financial statements.

# J. TAX ABATEMENTS

The County has entered into three separate agreements allowed for under Texas State Law for the abatement of property taxes related to wind farm operations with the County's jurisdiction. The abatements are scheduled to expire between the years of 2027 and 2028. In fiscal year 2023, the County abatement limitation was \$95,435,275. The County recorded revenue from payments in lieu of taxes in the amount of \$198,479.



#### -34-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit B-1

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	_	12/31/2014	_	12/31/2015	12/31/2016		12/31/2017	_	12/31/2018	_	12/31/2019	_	12/31/2020	_	12/31/2021	_	12/31/2022
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY:																	
Service Cost Interest Cost	\$	351,992 645,370	\$	406,526 \$ 688,233	389,677 730,289	\$	359,647 777,834	\$	341,986 826,485	\$	343,821 830,775	\$	351,012 885,011	\$	365,767 928,224	\$	357,379 953,399
Effect of Plan Changes		•		(54,034)	,		,		,		•		,		,		
Effect of Economic/Demographic losses Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs		(48,918)		(104,235) 104,863	(173,992)		(54,003) 57,305		(630,764)		(34,717)		(34,125) 645,258		(300,968) (34,651)		82,468
Benefit Payments/Refunds of Contributions	_	(472,120)	_	(469,682)	(509,018)	_	(546,906)	_	(497,117)	_	(475,622)	_	(479,425)	_	(672,564)	_	(562,889)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	476,324	\$	571,671 \$	436,956	\$	593,877	\$	40,590	\$	664,257	\$	1,367,731	\$	285,808	\$	830,357
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	_	8,026,425	_	8,502,749	9,074,420	_	9,511,376	_	10,105,253	_	10,145,843	_	10,810,100	_	12,177,831	_	12,463,639
Total Pension Liability, Ending	\$_	8,502,749	\$_	9,074,420 \$	9,511,376	\$	10,105,253	\$_	10,145,843	\$_	10,810,100	\$_	12,177,831	\$	12,463,639	\$	13,293,996
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION:																	
Employer Contributions	\$	255,203	\$	239,873 \$		\$	207,072	\$	209,442	\$	214,204	\$	180,883	\$	150,449	\$	214,839
Member Contributions Investment Income, Net of Expenses		210,167 543,248		209,942 644	209,659 631,428		203,869 1,320,510		206,202 (191,634)		209,126 1,634,877		210,180 1,190,811		206,904 2,735,862		207,430 (868,943)
Benefit Payments/Refunds of Contributions Administrative Expenses		(472,120) (6,355)		(469,682) (6,123)	(509,018) (6,859)		(546,906) (6,808)		(497,117) (7,996)		(475,622) (8,785)		(479,425) (9,235)		(672,564) (8,130)		(562,889) (8,206)
Other	_	(44,387)	_	62,804	(25,622)	_	(1,886)	_	(1,400)	_	(186)	_	(1,472)	_	(5,455)	_	(7,240)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	485,756	\$	37,458 \$	528,717	\$	1,175,851	\$	(282,503)	\$	1,573,614	\$	1,091,742	\$	2,407,066	\$	(1,025,009)
Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	_	8,009,806	_	8,495,562	8,533,020	_	9,061,737	_	10,237,588	_	9,955,085	_	11,528,699	_	12,620,441	_	15,027,507
Fiduciary Net Position, Ending	\$_	8,495,562	\$_	8,533,020 \$	9,061,737	\$	10,237,588	\$_	9,955,085	\$_	11,528,699	\$_	12,620,441	\$	15,027,507	\$	14,002,498
NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET):	\$_	7,187	\$_	541,400 \$	449,639	\$_	(132,335)	\$_	190,758	\$_	(718,599)	\$_	(442,610)	\$_	(2,563,868)	\$_	(708,502)
Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability (Asset)		99.92%		94.03%	95.27%		101.31%		98.12%		106.65%		103.63%		120.57%		105.33%
,	_		_			_		_		_		_		_		_	
County's Covered Employee Payroll	\$_	3,002,392	\$_	2,987,265 \$	2,995,132	\$ <u>_</u>	2,912,408	\$_	2,945,736	\$_	2,987,509	\$_	3,002,573	\$	2,955,773	¥ <u> </u>	2,963,285
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	_	0.24%	_	18.12%	15.01%	_	-4.54%	_	6.48%	_	-24.05%	_	-14.74%	_	-86.74%	_	-23.91%

Note: Only nine years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the ten year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

# -35-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

### Exhibit B-2

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Year Ending September 30,	. <u>-</u>	Actuarially Determined Contribution	. <u>-</u>	Actual Employer Contribution	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	_	Covered Employee Payroll (1)	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	243,726	\$	243,726	\$	0	\$	2,989,641	8.15%
2016		234,062		234,062		0		3,019,275	7.75%
2017		211,072		211,072		0		2,908,807	7.26%
2018		208,328		208,328		0		2,930,074	7.11%
2019		211,536		211,536		0		2,957,049	7.15%
2020		198,696		198,696		0		3,139,985	6.33%
2021		168,652		168,652		0		2,967,696	5.68%
2022		208,539		208,539		0		2,914,221	7.16%
2023		193,887		193,887		0		3,144,831	6.17%

Note: Only nine years of data are presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the ten year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

### -36-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

### Exhibit B-3

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		(Una Budgete	audited	,		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive or
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Amounts	_	(Negative)
Revenue: Property Taxes	\$	3,359,023	\$	3,359,023	\$	3,375,109	\$	16,086
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	φ	182,084	φ	182,084	φ	181,079	φ	(1,005)
License and Permits		1,050		1,050		101,070		(1,050)
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		1,458,702		1,458,702		1,447,836		(10,866)
Charges for Services		11,625		11,625		11,754		129
Fines and Fees		155,495		155,495		261,845		106,350
Investment Earnings		13,234		13,234		121,736		108,502
Rents and Royalties		1,640,750		1,640,750		887,273		(753,477)
Other Revenue		149,290		152,098		128,502	_	(23,596)
Total Revenues	\$	6,971,253	\$	6,974,061	\$	6,415,134	\$_	(558,927)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
County Judge	\$	153,782	\$	153,782	\$	149,356	\$	4,426
Emergency Management Office		90,482		90,482		78,260		12,222
County Clerk		201,581		201,581		204,626		(3,045)
Joint Elections		73,427		73,427		55,492		17,935
General Administration		1,553,453		1,553,453		550,438		1,003,015
District Court		175,624		175,624		185,428		(9,804)
Justices of the Peace		264,443		264,443		258,981		5,462
County Attorney		155,663		155,663		151,151		4,512
County Treasurer		190,544		190,544		189,063		1,481
County Tax Assessor/Collector		179,000		179,000		173,696		5,304
Courthouse Maintenance		286,709		286,709		467,033		(180,324)
Constables		261,094		261,094		123,744		137,350
Fire Station		24,400		24,400		19,351		5,049
Law Enforcement		1,167,548		1,167,548		1,061,171		106,377
Weighstation Probations		4,600 173,219		4,600 173,219		3,697 160,175		903 13,044
Social Services		501,961		501,961		560,460		(58,499)
Museum		64,732		64,732		68,345		(3,613)
Extension Services		67,289		67,289		57,668		9,621
Prison		64,135		64,135		70,369		(6,234)
Other Expenditures		56,640		59,448		49,628		9,820
Debt Service:		00,010		33,		.0,020		0,020
Principal						594,553		(594,553)
Bond Issuance Costs						69,637		(69,637)
Interest						111,196		(111,196)
Total Expenditures	\$	5,710,326	\$	5,713,134	\$	5,413,518	\$	299,616
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	1,260,927	\$	1,260,927	\$	1,001,616	\$	(259,311)
over Experiences	· —	.,===,==	· —	.,	* —	.,,,,,,,,,	* -	(===,=:-/
Other Financing Uses:								
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets	\$		\$		\$	2,097	\$	2,097
Transfers In/Out		(1,260,927)		(1,260,927)		95,337		1,356,264
Payments to Refunding Bond Escrow A	gent					(4,680,248)		(4,680,248)
Debt Proceeds	_				_	4,031,280	_	4,031,280
Total Other Financing Uses	\$	(1,260,927)	\$	(1,260,927)	\$	(551,534)	\$_	709,393
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$	0	\$	0	\$	450,082	\$_	450,082
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	1,109,597		1,109,597	_	1,109,597		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,109,597	\$	1,109,597	\$_	1,559,679		

### -37-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

### Exhibit B-4

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COUNTY JAIL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Budgete	audited	ounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive or
		Original		Final	_	Amounts		(Negative)
Revenue:	_		_		_		_	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Investment Earnings	\$	71,000	\$	71,000	\$	73,422 262	\$	2,422 262
Rents and Royalties		787,250		787,250		1,061,390	_	274,140
Total Revenues	\$	858,250	\$	858,250	\$	1,135,074	\$	276,824
Expenditures: Current:	¢.	2 027 247	¢.	2.027.247	¢	4.074.042	¢	CE 474
County Jail	\$ \$	2,037,317	\$ \$	2,037,317	\$ \$	1,971,843	\$_ \$	65,474
Total Expenditures Deficiency of Revenues	<u> </u>	2,037,317	Ť <u> </u>	2,037,317	Ť.	1,971,843	· _	65,474
Under Expenditures	\$	(1,179,067)	\$	(1,179,067)	\$	(836,769)	\$_	342,298
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers In	\$_	1,179,067	\$	1,179,067	\$	(141,410)	\$_	(1,320,477)
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	1,179,067	\$	1,179,067	\$	(141,410)	\$_	(1,320,477)
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(978,179)	\$_	(978,179)
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	1,053,214	_	1,053,214	_	1,053,214		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,053,214	\$	1,053,214	\$	75,035		

### -38-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

### Exhibit B-5

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD & BRIDGE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		(Una	udite	d)				ariance with
		Budgete				Actual	•	Positive or
	_	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenue:								
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	458,049	\$	458,049	\$	460,031	\$	1,982
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		17,400		17,400		17,400		0
License and Permits		239,349		239,349		242,731		3,382
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		29,775		76,224		79,627		3,403
Charges for Services		5,000		5,000		4,365		(635)
Fines and Fees		60,000		60,000		53,563		(6,437)
Investment Earnings	_	2,600		2,600		46,988		44,388
Total Revenues	\$	812,173	\$	858,622	\$	904,705	\$	46,083
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Road and Bridge	\$	926,297	\$	972,746	\$	848,992	\$	123,754
Debt Service:								
Principal		29,463		29,463		29,463		0
Interest		5,203		5,203		5,203		0
Total Expenditures	\$_	960,963	\$	1,007,412	\$	883,658	\$	123,754
Deficiency of Revenues						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Under Expenditures	\$	(148,790)	\$_	(148,790)	\$	21,047	\$	169,837
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers In	\$	148,790	\$	148,790	\$	46,073	\$	(102,717)
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	148,790	\$	148,790	\$	46,073	\$	(102,717)
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$	0	\$	0	\$	67,120	\$_	67,120
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	793,649	_	793,649	_	793,649		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	793,649	\$_	793,649	\$_	860,769		

### -39-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### A. PENSION PLAN

### CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

### CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

There were new investment return and inflation assumptions that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

### **B. BUDGETARY DATA**

The County follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. The County Judge, as budget officer, prepares a budget to cover all proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the succeeding year and delivers the proposed budget to Commissioners' Court.
- 2. Commissioners' Court holds budget sessions with each department head.
- 3. Commissioners' Court holds budget hearings for the public at which all interested persons' comments concerning the budget are heard.
- 4. Commissioners' Court formally adopts the budget in the open court meeting.
- 5. The adopted budget becomes the authorization for all legal expenditures for the County for the fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- 6. The formally adopted budget may legally be amended by Commissioners' in accordance with article 689A-11 or 689A-20 of Vernon's Annotated Civil Statutes.

An appropriate resolution (the appropriated budget) to control the level of expenditures must be legally enacted on or before September 1. The County maintains its legal level of budgetary control at the department level. Amendments to the 2022-2023 budget were approved by the Commissioners' Court as provided by law.



Exhibit C-1

#### -40-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

400570		Commercial Residential Permits		Victims Assistance	Special Re Courthouse Security			re Funds Preservation and Records Management	Justice of the Peace Technology		Garza County EMS		Other Governmental Funds (See Exhibit C-3)		G	Total Non-Major sovernmental Funds ee Exhibit A-3)
ASSETS:  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance  Total Assets	\$ 	9,056 9,056	\$ 	9,376 577 9,953	\$	40,454 957 41,411	\$ _ \$_	186,898 2,884 189,782	\$ \$_	48,383 610 48,993	\$ \$_	11,969 54 12,023	\$ \$	60,183 10,901 71,084	\$ \$	366,319 15,983 382,302
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Accrued Compensated Absences Payab Accrued Wages Total Liabilities	\$ le 	0	\$ 	0	\$	566 566	\$ _ \$_	0	\$ _ \$_	0	\$ 	474 1,084 1,558	\$ \$	10,659	\$ 	11,225 474 1,084 12,783
FUND BALANCES: Permanently Restricted for: County Schools Restricted for: Enabling Legislation Total Fund Balances	\$ 	9,056 9,056	\$ 	9,953 9,953	\$	40,845 40,845	\$ \$_	189,782 189,782	\$ _ \$_	48,993 48,993	\$ _ \$_	10,465 10,465	\$ 	21,123 39,302 60,425	\$ 	21,123 348,396 369,519
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	9,056	\$_	9,953	\$_	41,411	\$_	189,782	\$_	48,993	\$_	12,023	\$	71,084	\$	382,302

#### -41-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit C-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

																Total	
						Special Re	venue	Funds						Other		Non-Major	
	Co	mmercial			Preservation Justice of Gar.							Garza		Governmental	Governmental		
	Re	esidential	tial Victims		Courthouse		a	and Records		the Peace		County		Funds	Funds		
		Permits		Assistance		Security		/lanagement		Technology		EMS		(See Exhibit C-4)	(Se	e Exhibit A-5)	
Revenue:					_			J	_	- 37			-				
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	\$		\$	3,599	\$		\$		\$		\$	46,095	\$	154,329	\$	204,023	
Fines and Fees	*		*	-,	*	9,609	•	30,267	•	5,268	*	,		,	*	45,144	
Investment Earnings				379		1,681		8,138		2,152		1,338		5,942		19,630	
Other Revenue				0.0		.,00.		0,.00		2,.02		1,000		15		15	
Total Revenues		0	<u>_</u>	3,978	Φ_	11,290	<u>_</u>	38,405	φ-	7,420	e —	47,433	Φ.	160,286	<u>e</u> —	268,812	
Total Neverlues	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	3,970	Ψ_	11,290	Ψ	30,403	Ψ_	7,420	Ψ	47,433	Ψ_	100,200	Ψ	200,012	
Expenditures:																	
Current:																	
General Administration	\$		\$		\$	345	\$		Ф		•		\$	260	\$	605	
Courthouse Maintenance	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	343	Ψ	5,073	Ψ	163	Ψ		Ψ	200	Ψ	5,236	
Social Services								3,073		103				133,255		133,255	
												45 404		133,233			
Emergency Medical Services	φ		<u>s</u>		\$	245	<u>_</u>	F 070	φ-	400	<u>_</u>	45,401	φ.	400.545	<u>_</u>	45,401	
Total Expenditures	ֆ	0	Φ	0	Φ_	345	\$	5,073	\$_	163	\$	45,401	Ф.	133,515	\$	184,497	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		
Over (Under) Expenditures	Φ	0	\$	3,978	\$_	10,945	\$	33,332	\$_	7,257	\$	2,032	Ф.	26,771	Ф	84,315	
0.1 5: : 0																	
Other Financing Sources:	•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		
Transfers In	\$		\$		\$_		\$		\$_		\$ <u>_</u>		\$_		\$	0	
Total Other Financing Sources	\$	0	\$	0	\$_	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	
N / Ol	Φ.	0	•	0.070	Φ.	40.045	Φ.	00.000	Φ.	7.057	•	0.000	Φ	00.774	Φ.	04.045	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	0	\$	3,978	\$	10,945	\$	33,332	\$	7,257	\$	2,032	\$	26,771	\$	84,315	
Fund Balances - Beginning		9,056		5,975		29,900		156,450		41,736		8,433		33,654		285,204	
		- 1,000		.,,,,,,	-	,		- 31, 100	_	.,	_		-				
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	9,056	\$	9,953	\$_	40,845	\$	189,782	\$_	48,993	\$	10,465	\$	60,425	\$	369,519	

# -42-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit C-3

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

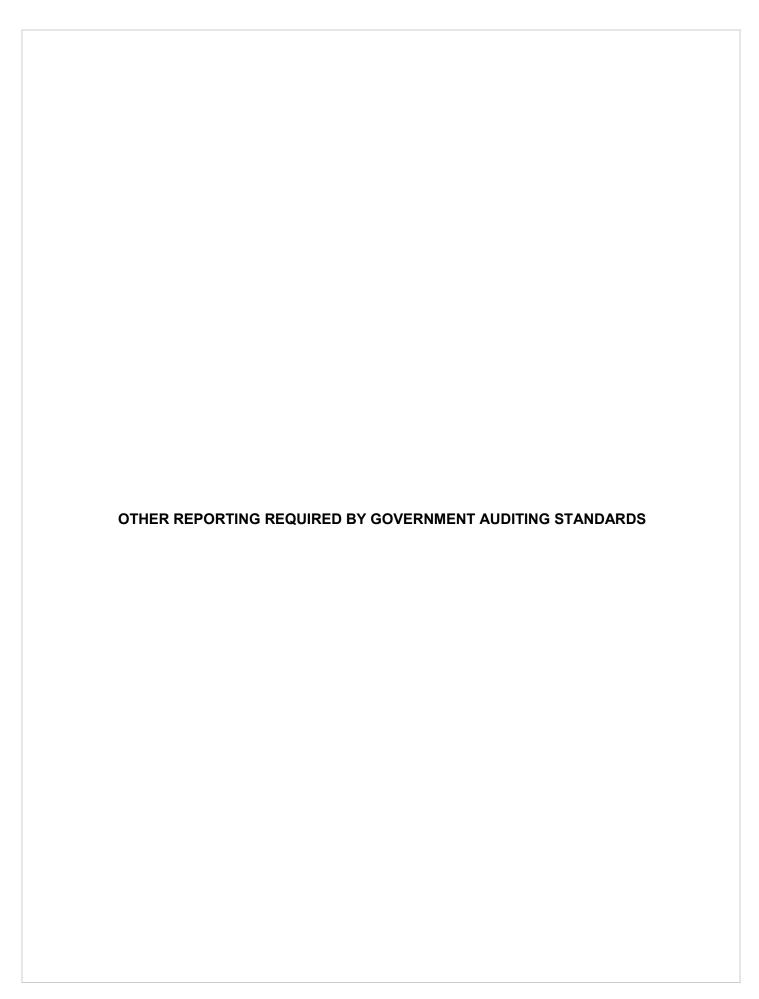
ACCETO	-	Voter Registration		Sarza County Title IV-E	Speci	al Revenue Fu County Estray Fee	ınds	National School Lunch Program		Available School	<u> </u>	Permanent Fund Permanent School		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
ASSETS:  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Accounts Receivables, Net of Allowance Interfund Balances	\$	82	\$	9,054 41	\$	1,560 7	\$	26,571 10,751	\$	305 1,590	\$	22,611 102 (1,590)	\$	60,183 10,901
Total Assets	\$	82	\$	9,095	\$	1,567	\$	37,322	\$	1,895	\$	21,123	\$	71,084
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$_ \$_	0	\$_ \$_	0	\$_ \$_	0	\$	10,659 10,659	\$_ \$_	0	\$_ \$_	0	\$ \$	10,659 10,659
FUND BALANCES:  Permanently Restricted for:  County Schools  Restricted for:	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	21,123	\$	21,123
Enabling Legislation		82		9,095	. –	1,567		26,663		1,895				39,302
Total Fund Balances	\$_	82	\$_	9,095	\$_	1,567	\$	26,663	\$_	1,895	\$_	21,123	\$_	60,425
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	82	\$_	9,095	\$_	1,567	\$	37,322	\$	1,895	\$	21,123	\$_	71,084

### -43-GARZA COUNTY, TEXAS

Exhibit C-4

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Voter Registration		Special Revenue Funds  County National Garza County Estray School Lunch Available Title IV-E Fee Program School								_!	Permanent Fund Permanent School	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds (See Exhibit C-2		
Revenue:	-		_		_		_		_		_				
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	\$		\$	400	\$	74	\$	154,329	\$	13	\$	4 400	\$	154,329	
Investment Earnings Other Revenue		15		430		74		1,002		13		4,423		5,942 15	
Total Revenues	\$	15	\$	430	\$	74	\$_	155,331	\$_	13	\$_	4,423	\$	160,286	
Expenditures: Current:															
General Administration	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	260	\$		\$	260	
Social Services	_						_	133,255	_		_		_	133,255	
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	\$_	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$_	133,255	\$_	260	\$_	0	\$_	133,515	
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$_	15	\$	430	\$	74	\$_	22,076	\$_	(247)	\$_	4,423	\$	26,771	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):															
Transfers In/(Out)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	300	\$	(300)	\$	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Us	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	300	\$	(300)	\$	0	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	15	\$	430	\$	74	\$	22,076	\$	53	\$	4,123	\$	26,771	
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	67		8,665		1,493	_	4,587	_	1,842	_	17,000		33,654	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	82	\$_	9,095	\$_	1,567	\$_	26,663	\$_	1,895	\$_	21,123	\$_	60,425	



### Bolinger, Segars, Gilbert & Moss, L.L.P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Lubbock, Texas 79423-1954

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court of Garza County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Garza County, Texas, (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Garza County, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2024.

### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Garza County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Balinger, Segars, Gilbert & Mass LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Lubbock, Texas

January 16, 2024